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FREDERICK KEATH, Editor.

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ROLL OF HONOR.

Union Secretaries Fund.

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A CHANGE IS NEEDED IN CHICAGO.

It is not a harsh judgment to say that Socialism advances in favor in Chicago in spite of the Socialists. In no city in the United States are the conditions so well calculated to bring out a large and sincere Socialist vote as there, yet the various Socialist factions operate so as to keep back that expression and then clutch to their breasts their paltry vote with the poor excuse that it will bring on the "social revolution" by its quantity (class consciousness) if not by its quality. They try to imagine strength where there is only weakness. Real Socialism work is evidently too hard for some of these impotent phrase-mongers—they would rather indulge in monthings of stilted, meaningless phrases and formulas, while the bewildered populace, more or less filled with Socialistic ideas and leanings, witnesses the antics of the pretended custodians of Socialism and is repelled and mistrustful. Labor organization is extensive and very strong in Chicago, yet it shows little or no effect from Socialistic agitation, contrary to the rule in other places. While the working class all over the country this spring increased the Socialist vote in a way to make capitalism uneasy, in Chicago and Cleveland the vote went back. Even the one creditable piece of campaigning, the big Auditorium meeting in Chicago, that was such a success, could not redeem the situation. There was not the underlying, persistent, steadygoing agitation in the shops and working district to sustain it.

THE ANTICS OF THE DOGGY 400.

New York, April 16.—Some of the younger men and women, guests at the Vanderbilts' wedding, had a lively time in New York after the ceremony Tuesday. Most of the visitors returned to this city by way of the Wicksford Junction ferryboat. Harry Lehr, Harry Payne Whitney and Peter Goelet were among the merry-makers. Lehr pelted the young women in the lower deck with costly flowers, and they thought it great fun.

One of the men on the lower deck, in a new frock coat, navy new trousers, faultless black and lavender gloves, climbed a water pipe. Although Lehr repeatedly struck the climber's ruffled hat and smeared gloves with a fusillade of flowers, he did not give up until he reached the upper deck. Then he sailed into Lehr and attempted to put the funmaker over the rail.

Meanwhile another young man filled with enthusiasm decided to climb the gutter pipe. He dropped down three times before one of the deckhands convinced him he was selling his new frock coat.

Later, to change his fun-making, Lehr, getting down on all fours, crawled along the deck to where a cane had been thrown by a lively young lady, grasped it between his teeth, and ran back to the boat rail and deposited it at the feet of one of the women. Then he barked in imitation of a dog and roared from all hands. Several times Lehr played the dog and each time made a big hit.

The above deserves the space it takes, for it gives the exploited working class a chance to see the sort of "life" that exists among the swiftest class of the exploiters. These are the people that make up the "400," whose scandals at Newport and Saratoga occasionally get into print. They are willing to gamble, drink, play dog—anything except work for their living.

There were three Socialist parties at work in the recent Chicago campaign, for the S. L. P. was split in two and one faction, which had been crowded off the

ballot, was actually working to keep the Socialist vote down. As a specimen of Socialistic campaigning that ought to make the gods weep, cast your eyes over the following mid-campaign advertisement in the Chicago daily newspapers:

**SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.**

**TO THE SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY.**

Voters of Chicago:

By a ruling of the election commissioners the ticket of the majority of the Socialist Labor party was denied a place on the ballot in this election and the party's name and place on the ballot given to a small clique of politicians who have pledged themselves to obey the orders of the capitalist Referendum League. A vote for them is a vote against Socialism. For proof we refer you to the circular of the Referendum League dated March 31, 1908. WORKINGMEN, beware of this fraud. Socialist Labor Party of Chicago.

**SOCIALIST LABOR PARTY—WORKINGMEN.**

beware of attorney building Socialist, fake labor parties and capitalist party schemes of nationalization and municipal ownership, under which the city would be a crime, to strike would be treason; the working class need working-class ownership and control of all means of production and distribution; all else is lying; vote the straight ticket headed Socialist Labor Party.

The first advertisement is by the S. L. P. faction that was crowded off, venting its spleen on the other faction. The other, with its clumsy economics, is by the other faction, railing against the Socialist party, which party, in turn, warned against the S. L. P.—a vicious circle!

The vote tells the rest of the story. A total falling off of 7805 since last fall was to be expected when the Socialist party goes into a campaign without a platform or immediate demands, and the S. L. P. makes such a spectacle of itself as shown by the advertisements quoted above. Nearly 8000 people were willing to be Socialists last fall who had no confidence in the Socialist parties this spring! There was nothing in the organized Socialist movement to hold their confidence or to inspire their hope of a social and industrial reorganization for mankind. When the forbidding visage of petty sectarianism confronted them they were frightened away.

**OUR COMRADES IN SHEBOYGAN.**

On the face of the returns the vote at Sheboygan looks somewhat uneven, but there are indications that it was far from being so. Fully 150 Socialist voters in attempting to cast a straight ticket placed their cross in the square above Comrade Horn's name instead of in the circle at the top of the column. If these ballots had been counted for the entire Socialist Democratic ticket, which was clearly the voters' intention, instead of for the mayor only, the entire Socialist city ticket would have carried, electing their candidates for city attorney and comptroller. Proof of this was seen in the fact that Horn carried the Eighth ward, while the ward candidates did not.

After the Socialists had won the election at Sheboygan they had a parade. They marched almost silently through the crowd lined streets, pleased but dignified. But the other side did not read as good an account of itself. As soon as the result of the election was known a number of partisans for the plates assembled before the Volksblatt office and pelted the windows with mud. Later two of their number pulled down two American flags from the roof of the building and tore them into shreds.

A thing that must gratify all Socialists is the fact that no Socialist office seekers were developed by the election. But one member of the party asked Mayor Horn for political preferment. At the new mayor's request, the party members aided him in making his selections, and the spectacle of place-hunting that always accompanies an old party municipal election was spared the people of Sheboygan. In fact some difficulty was had in getting Socialists to accept. The position of superintendent of poor was by common consent offered to one of the old-time Socialists of the city, a faithful and sincere, and unselfish worker for the cause, a man well along in years, whose sympathetic nature fitted him for the work, in contrast to the previous incumbent, who was reported to be brutal to poor people. But while the old man will be rescued from long hours of drudgery in a factory at \$1.10 a day, and will get better pay and better hours, it has taken a good deal of urging to get him to accept. He insists he is not a Socialist for the sake of an office.

The Milwaukee Journal, in its desire to give the trusts a black eye, got off its guard the other day and gave its readers some of the truth that capitalist papers usually keep in the background. It said:

"We are accustomed to the pessimistic cry that the rich are getting richer and the poor are getting poorer. Its source generally is not such as encourages confidence. But what are the facts? The last census shows that the average annual wage per person in the manufacturing industries of this country was \$445 in 1890 and \$438 in 1900, a decrease of 77. This is half the truth—the poor are getting poorer. The same census shows that the gross annual product per wage-earner in 1890 was \$2,294 and in 1900 \$2,451. Then, while the poor are getting poorer, somebody else is getting richer."

"The recent declaration of the Standard Oil dividends show that John D. Rockefeller's income from this source for the last ninety days has been \$88,888.88 a day. If continued for the rest of the year at this rate, he will receive in dividends for the four quarters \$2,333,333.20. There is one man at least who is getting richer. This profit of his in itself absorbs that \$7 loss of \$4,019,047 men."

"The newspapers of the country have been exploiting the fact that Andrew Carnegie has informed the New York tax commissioners that he will pay on the \$5,000,000 assessed on his personal property, and on \$900 assessed on his company, a total of \$5,900,000 because he does not seek to have his taxes reduced or to escape them on the plea of non-residence."

"It is strange, indeed, that he should pay his taxes without a murmur! The custom among rich men is to evade them and let them fall upon the poor, whose annual wage they have reduced \$7 and whose cost of living they have increased through combine prices on all products."

Now it isn't the combines exclusively that are extracting the very life and nerve from the working class, but it is the entire capitalist class, each member thereof according to the amount of "increase" in fact it is the capitalist system itself that

## SOCIAL DEMOCRATIC HERALD.

### HOW TO PREVENT CLIQUES.

We choose the following excerpts from an editorial in the New York Worker on "How to Prevent Cliques," for their value as a matter of general application to the party the country over. It appears that certain members of the party in New York formed an alleged combination to bring discord and distrust into the movement, resulting in the suspension of three men at the last local meeting of the central organization, lasting till after midnight. Irregularity of accounts is alleged, while one of the three was charged with secretly seeking to disrupt the movement by drawing a salary as organizer. We have no desire to pronounce on all the details of the affair, but merely to commend the general cautions which the editorial contains. After commenting on the action of the meeting, the editorial says:

No political machinery that has ever been devised works quite automatically. Universal suffrage, representation, initiative and referendum—all these are good machinery, if well used. But the most thoroughly democratic constitution in the world, with the most carefully planned system of checks and balances, will not of itself prevent usurpation or maladministration. The one assurance of the right administration of the affairs of any body of men in that the rank and file should be constantly active and alert.

It is not enough to say that so-and-so are self-seeking or factions persons and that they are the cause of the trouble. We must expect to find always and everywhere some unscrupulous self-seekers and some who by temperament are breeders of discord. We must expect even that the Socialist movement will get rather more than its share of those whose trade or whose amusement is "to fish in troubled waters." And we must expect that such persons, whenever and wherever they begin their evil work in our ranks, will be openly or secretly encouraged and aided and abetted by the recognized enemies of our cause. This is one of the normal difficulties of our movement. It is therefore our duty to guard against such a danger, and if we fail to do so, we are to blame. Moreover, as we shall point out later, the evils of clique politics and faction may grow up even without any deliberate ill intention, at the beginning, on the part of those concerned in it.

Let us not, then, forget that we have a responsibility for what has been done and for what is to be done. In a democratic organization the burden of every error rests upon all and upon each—not only upon each who does wrong, but upon each who failed to prevent the wrong-doing.

It is very easy to decline every nomination for a party office and to vote for anyone who is willing to accept; it is even possible to convince yourself that it is modesty and not indolence that prompts you. It is very easy, having elected party officers, to think that you have delegated all your duties as well as some of your authority to them, to dismiss the subject from your mind, to think that it is unnecessary for you either to support or to control them. It is very easy, when some more watchful comrade gets up in your meeting and tells you that things are not all as they should be; to rebuke him as being too suspicious, to tell him you want peace, and to go away whistling and cheerful.

All this is very easy, but it is not very wise. After you have gone on very comfortably for a while, your peaceful dreams are always rudely disturbed and you find that because you have neglected to watch and work, you now have to fight. Then you get angry. You want to blame someone. You should blame yourself.

We in New York may think ourselves fortunate that the affair which calls forth these remarks was no worse, that the amateurish bungling of those implicated compelled their so speedy exposure. Shrewd men could have done much greater harm. But these are not the last of all possible intrigues. The next set may be shrewder.

To prevent the repetition of such troubles there is but one way: The comrades in their districts must see to it that they elect delegates to the General Committee who will attend regularly and must insist that they report on all that goes on there; the General Committee must insist on the strictest adherence to the rules, even in the most inconspicuous details; they must insist that the City Executive reports its proceedings fully and explicitly; they must insist that the rank and file be frequently and definitely informed of the state of the party's finances; they must see that salaried officers are paid regularly as well as that they do the work they are paid for; in choosing officers and committeemen they must more carefully consider the proven fitness of the men, judiciously rejecting older and newer comrades on important committees, in order that the latter may have a chance to learn by experience how to conduct party business and yet that important matters shall never be wholly in the hands of the novices or untried men.

If these things are done, we need have no fear of factions or of cliques or of "powers that be."

is to blame for the plight of the modern wage worker. The working of this system also makes inevitable the trust development, with its crowding of the defenseless small dealer to the wall. An unreasoning brute will hit at a stick that is poked at it, but hasn't the clear vision to realize the force back of the stick. Of course, we are not trying to liken such newspapers as the Journal to the unthinking brute, for that paper, and others like it, know pretty well that the trust is an effect rather than a cause, but it is in the interest of the capitalist system to pretend the contrary. They want their readers to believe that the trusts can be successfully fought, and that when they are "annihilated" peace and plenty will be the lot of the industrious worker.

In sending the news of the election in Chicago to the New York Worker, Comrade A. M. Simons said the following:

"The Independent Labor party has piled loose about 10,000 workers from the old-party allegiance and has taught them the lesson of the necessity of independent political action by the laborers, and they are now the ripest kind of material for Socialist propaganda. As a result, the Socialist party should show an even more rapid growth during the next few years than in the past."

And this in the face of the fact that the vote went back and that the Chicago movement rests under the stagnating spell of De Leonist sectarianism! That the Socialist vote in Chicago remains at worse than a standstill, when all over the country there is remarkable growth, is nothing less than a criminal shame.

**EDITORIAL SHEARINGS.**

It is estimated that there are 800,000 working people in the city of Chicago, and the 525 different trades unions claim about 400,000 members. The number of members is about 85 per cent. of all the various crafts in that city are organized.—Tobacco Worker.

Socialists do not want to divide up. They ride such a idea; but as some one has sagely observed, even an idea that proposition the working class would have nothing to lose, for Uncle Sam could give 120 acres and the equivalent of about \$300 to each of the 40 million members of the Socialist party in the country. Socialists want to stop the system of letting parasites divide up the products of the laborer.—Pueblo Courier.

Weren't you stretching things a little when you told that Englishman that it was the custom in this country for the servant to dine at the master's table?

"No; why, it hasn't been a week since I read in the Standard a railroad corporation, at which there were present two judges and a senator."—Liberator.

**Are You Distributing Literature?**

The Social Democratic Herald in bundles at 1 cent a copy, 100 copies for 75 cents. Five copies to your address for three months for 50 cents!

No. 631. [Social Dem. Herald.]

**SHERIFF'S SALE.**

STATE OF WISCONSIN—CIRCUIT COURT—Milwaukee county—Charles Nieser, Plaintiff, vs. William C. Nicolai, Defendant, as trustee of Columbia Lodge, No. 11, of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Pythias, plaintiff; Alwine Rasbe, formerly Alwine Lindloff, individually and as executor of the last will and testament of Henry Lindloff, deceased, Frits Rasbe, her husband, George Machar, Henry Lindloff, individually and as executor of the last will and testament of Henry Lindloff, deceased, William Lindloff, Charles Lindloff, Ida Krueger, nee Lindloff, William Krueger, her husband, and Otto Lindloff, a minor, defendants.

**JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE AND SALE.**

By virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of said circuit court, in the above entitled cause, which was entered and dated March 13, 1902, I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, in the hall of the court house, near the south door fronting on the east, the premises described in the city of Milwaukee, in said county of Milwaukee.

**MONDAY, the 4th day of May, 1908,** at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m. at that day, all the following described mortgaged premises, or so much thereof as may be necessary to raise the amount due to the plaintiff for principal, interest and costs, together with the disbursements of sale and costs of the foreman.

Lot twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), in block sixty-one (61), in Wechsberg & Thoutman's subdivision, in the Thirteenth ward, near the Twenty-first (21st) ward, of the city and county of Milwaukee and State of Wisconsin.

Dated Milwaukee, March 13, 1908.

FRED TEGMEYER, Sheriff of Milwaukee County, Wisconsin.

Richard Elmer, Plaintiff's Attorney.

### New Book by Prof. Ladoff.

Comrade Isador Ladoff writes that he is engaged on the preparation of a new book, to be entitled "The Problem of Poverty; Cause and Cure," but has as yet made no effort to find a publisher. Chapter 1 is devoted to the children of poverty; the second to the adult poor; the third to the analysis of the causes of poverty, and the fourth to propaganda matter proper. It will be a mine of authentic and well digested statistics and will have a supplement on the religious aspect of Socialism, by a Christian. "I am an agnostic," writes Comrade Ladoff, "but perfectly tolerant . . . and believe such a supplement may help the cause."

**Better Than Kissing Babies.**

In Lee county, Miss., the farmers have a unique organization, the purpose of which is to make the candidates pay in hard labor for the support, pledges they receive. At a mass meeting of the farmers recently in that county the following remarkable resolutions were adopted:

"Resolved, that we purchase a supply of hoes, to be used by the candidates in this campaign."

"Resolved, that when a district candidate appears on a farm we are to require him to hoe two rounds of 400 yards each."

"Resolved, that all county candidates be required to hoe ten rounds of 400 yards each."

"Resolved, that state candidates who canvass in buggies be given a double dose of work in the manner above outlined."

**Remember our subscription postals.**

Five for two dollars.

**SUPERIOR COURT, MILWAUKEE COUNTY.**

—Mary Fahr, Plaintiff, vs. Jacob Fahr, Defendant.

The State of Wisconsin, to the said defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid, and in case of your failure so to do judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

RICHARD ELSNER, Plaintiff's Attorney.

P. O. address, 140 North avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

**OUR BOOK LIST.**

**5-Cent Pamphlets.**

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The Evolution of the Class Struggle. Noyes.

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Socialism and the Farmers. Simons.

Socialism and the Home. May W. Kerr.

Socialism vs. Anarchy. Simons.

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## THE HERALD FORUM.

Chicago, April 13.—Dear Comrade:

There can be no excuse for the small vote in Chicago. All over the party gained votes since the fall election. Here alone the Socialists could not hold their own. Last fall they got the big increase, radicalism brought on by the big increase, both S. P. and S. L. P. They ridiculed the claim of some sober-thinking comrades, that it was only the expression of discontent brought on by the coal strike. It is foolish to claim a big gain over last year's spring election. What became of the 5000 class conscious votes since last fall? We didn't get them neither did the De Leonists. I pity poor Johnson if he hide-bound fellows who are responsible for the poor substitute for a working municipal platform, dictate his policy in accordance with that resolution he only can work, if he waits till the Republicans and Democrats legislate for the interest of the working man, the entire working class, and then say: Yes. Now if he wants to make his job an easy one he shouldn't find him in the council at all, simply fold his arms and wait till the time comes to say yes or no. He don't need to bother himself with working out and handling in ordinances in the interest of the working class. I should not wonder if some day those class conscious Socialists will go to work before election and round up the intended Socialist voters and put them under a rigid examination to test their class consciousness and reject every voter who don't stand the test and don't come up to the standard, and forbid him to vote our ticket. I am wondering why they of the vote and the two factions of the S. L. P. who put those two ads in the Chicago Daily News. Surely those votes not intended to make Socialist voters. Undoubtedly some intended Socialist voters got disgusted through this shameless deed. The example given by the comrades in Wisconsin, mainly the great victory of Sheboygan and the gallant fight the comrades made in Montana and elsewhere opened the eyes of the "Windy City" and we have now great hopes for better times in the movement and for better results by the next election.

Jacob Winnen.

**As Labor Sees It!**

Milwaukee, March 1.—Editor Herald:

At the discussion following a lecture held by Prof. Meyer at the Twenty-first ward school on Sunday and King streets, an opinion, which is held by a great many working people, was voiced, namely, that the professors at the various American universities are influenced by capitalists to attack Socialism, or rather to oppose it, in order to hold their jobs. This may be somewhat skeptical, but have not the great mass of workers reason enough to come to this conclusion?

The great mass of workers work day by day in grimy factories, for what? Just to make a living. Now, what have our professors to say about this? They say something like this: "Why what in the world are you kicking about? Don't you know that the working man never lived as good in all the history of the world as now?" Admitting this, just for the sake of argument, against volumes have been written in refutation of this view, that a reason to be quiet?



# MANKIND IN THE MAKING. — Will Scientific Breeding Obtain?

The following quotations and summary are taken from an article in the "Mankind in the Making," contributed by H. G. Wells to one of the magazines recently:

He recognizes the two ways of improving the birth supply; increase of parentage among really superior men and women, and the elimination of the unfit. However, he is one who thoroughly believes that progress can be accelerated by eugenics, that people can be legislated into hygiene, good sense, virtue and intelligence. Nevertheless he declares that, while it may be accomplished by individuals, acting as such, any direct attempt to control reproduction is impossible because of ignorance—not the ignorance of the majority, but an absolute want of knowledge. He says much on this line, concluding—"This missing science of heredity, this unworked mine of knowledge on the borderland of biology and anthropology, which for all practical purposes is as unworked now as it was in the days of Plato, is in simple truth, one of the most important to humanity, than all the chemistry and physics, all the technical and industrial science that ever has been or ever will be discovered."

As to selective breeding he says: "The

first difficulty these theorists ignore is this: we are, as a matter of fact, not a bit clear what points to breed for and what points to breed out.

"The enology with the breeder of cattle is a very misleading one. He has a very simple ideal to which he directs the entire pairing of his stock. He breeds for beef, for milk, for wool, for color, for docility, for homogeneity, for docile herd, directly, slaughtering and spurring, regarding entirely of any divergent variation that may arise beneath his control. A young calf with an incipient sense of humor, with a bright and inquiring disposition, with a gift for athletics or a quietly marked hide, has no sort of value in his eyes. He throws such a creature aside without hesitation. Which is just what our theoretical breeders of humanity cannot venture to do. They do not want a homogeneous race in the future at all. They want a rich interplay of free, strong and varied personalities, that will alter the nature of the problem absolutely."

Even such points as beauty, health, ability, genius, energy—qualities one might say universally to be bred for—

cannot be assured, for we know nothing of the laws that govern them. "We do not know the elements of what we have, the human characteristics we are working upon to get at end. The sentimentalities of young persons in their spring are just as likely to result in the improvement of the race in this respect as the whole science of anthropology in its present stage of evolution."

On the other hand, in "the elimination of the unfit" we are almost as much at sea. Of crime he says: "A criminal is no doubt of less personal value to the community than a law-abiding citizen of the same general caliber; but it does not follow for one moment that he is of less value as a parent. His personal disaster may be due to the possession of a bold and enterprising character, of pride and energy above the needs of the position his social surroundings force upon him. Another citizen may have all this man's desires and impulses, checked and sterilized by a lack of nervous energy, by an abject fear of the policeman and of the consequences of the disapproval of his more prosperous fellow citizens."

"I will frankly confess that for my own part I prefer the wicked to the

mean, and that I would rather trust the future to the former strain than to the latter. Whatever preference the reader may entertain, there remains this unmistakable objection to its application: breeding; that criminality is not a specific quality, but a complex that may interfere with other complexes to give quite incalculable results in the offspring it produces. So that, here again, on the negative side, we find a general expression unserviceable for our use."

Alcoholism he regards as largely dependent upon temperament. "Until we possess a far more subtle and thorough analysis of the drunkard's physique and mind than we have at present we have no justification whatever in artificial intervention to increase whatever eliminatory process may at present be going on in this respect."

It will be noticed that in the above Prof. Wells ignores the economic view of the problem, according to the old capitalistic scientific habit. He does not see that economic conditions affect character and cut a big figure in developing criminality and other untoward traits. He thus misses a point that would make his position much stronger.

## THE BARON AND THE BLOODY HAND.

An Incident of Labor Exploitation in New Japan, told by Comrade S. J. Katayama, Editor of the Socialist, Tokyo, Japan.

A bloody human hand cruelly cut off was received by Baron Shibusawa through the express. The old baron being struck down by this extraordinary present, sent for police at once to look after this outrageous disrespect to the august baron.

Was it a joke? If it was a joke there must be a awful joke! But why was such a deed? What was the cause of this? Whose hand was it?

There is a shipbuilding factory right across the river Sumida not very far from the palace of the old baron. The same is owned by the baron, of course, and many many hands are turned through the work of eight or ten hundred tailors. With the very rich booty of the exploitation in this factory the baron has just completed his famous trip around the world and must have made himself a good impression on the European money kings and mammoth magnates.

Now it happened that on the 17th ult. a blacksmith's right hand was crushed by a steam hammer weighing a ton and a half. The handle of the hammer was directed by an old man aged 62! A young man of 25 is now lying in a hospital. A red fad of irony fell on this young black-

smith and his right hand was cut off! Working men of the factory contributed a sum of 150 yen or thereabouts to the ill-fated man. But the factory gave him not a copper. There was no provision for accidents that are occurred during on the company's employ.

This hand was sent to the baron to arouse the right feeling on the part of the baron towards his employees whose blood he has been sucking so many years. We hear from a reliable source that the old baron was somewhat moved by this hand and considering to do something for his employee. We hope he will. He is said to be director of over fifty companies and those employ many thousands of workers and are suffering from cruel oppressions and hardship without any protection at all. There are four or five thousand spinning girls in the city under the baron's supervision. These girls are suffering tuberculosis on account of bad ventilation and improper food with excessively hard work.

If there was in each factory a spirited worker like that one the old baron might receive a flesh hand or head almost every day!

The baron ought to look into the matter.

### The Worst of Crimes.

Dimes and dollars, dollars and dimes. An empty pocket is the worst of crimes. Get ye wealth, no matter how. No question asked of the rich, I trow. Join by night, by day, by day, by day, in all a legal way.

Join the church and never forsake her: Learn to cheat and insult your maker; Be hypocrite, liar, knave and fool; And don't be poor. Remember the rule: Dimes and dollars, dollars and dimes. An empty pocket is the worst of crimes.

I know a poor but an honest man Who strives to live on the Christian plan. But poor as he is and poor will be, A wretched and hated wretch is he. It home he meets a starving wife; And he leads a life of struggle against a fearful odd. Who will not bow to the people's god. Dimes and dollars, dollars and dimes. An empty pocket is the worst of crimes.

If a man is up, oh, lift him higher. Your soul is for sale, and he is the buyer. If a man is down, give him a thrust; Thruple him beggar into the dust. Transmute poverty to quite appalling. Knock him over and kick him for falling. —Butte Labor World.

### The Other Side of the Picture.

The fact that Western New York farmers, are making loud complaints because of inability to procure male help is not news. It has been presented to the public with regularity. The idea has been conveyed that the farm hand is well recompensed and is surrounded by nearly everything that should make his occupation an agreeable one. It appears, however, that there is another side of the question. An ex-farm hand, wearying of the presentation of the employer's point of view, says that the present condition is due in large part to the fact that farmers work their help from sunup to sundown, and sometimes before and after, with only a brief intermission for meals. After nightfall lanterns are light-

ed and work about the barn is continued. This not infrequently is carried on Sundays as well as week days. When the busy season is over the farm hand, as a rule, is cast adrift to live on what he may have saved out of his summer wages. When spring arrives he is fortunate if he is not in debt to some one. Year after year this form of servitude is continued. It is no wonder, the ex-farm hand concludes, that farmers are experiencing a difficulty in securing well-bodied men. They can find employment in the cities, where their hours are short, where there is no Sunday work and where opportunities for association and education, or at least observation, are greater than on a farm.—Buffalo Times.

**THE KEYNOTE OF Blatz Beer**

**SUCCESS IS ITS INDIVIDUALITY. UNIFORMITY PREVAILS IN EVERY FEATURE OF THE BREWING. UNEQUALLED IN PURITY AND GOODNESS. ALWAYS THE SAME. GOOD OLD Blatz.**

**BLATZ MALT-VIVINE A TONIC FOR OLD AND YOUNG. ALL DRUGGISTS. VAL-BLATZ BREW. CO. MILWAUKEE. TEL. 52 MAIN.**

**J. GOLDSTEIN.**  
A Co-Operative Store.  
266 Grand St., New York, N. Y.  
Pledge taken for the S. D. Herald.

**ZAHN & STROESSER**

**...Tailors...**  
316 STATE STREET,  
Four doors west of Third St.

**L. SACHS, THE JEWELER.**  
WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY AND OPTICAL GOODS.  
Eyes examined free. All work is guaranteed to every respect.  
418 National Avenue, Milwaukee, Wis.

We prescribe and make glasses for the sight.  
**A. REINHARD, Optician.**  
264 Grand Avenue, Milwaukee.

Cheap Clothing is rarely good, but well made Clothing is generally cheapest.

## WHY TAKE CHANCES

when you can come here, be clothed and feel perfectly safe that you are clothed as good as the best. It does not cost a penny more to buy your clothes from a reliable store—at least not here. We'll furnish you from head to foot (no shoes.)

## J. BRUETT & SON,

**MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS.**  
700 N. LAC AVENUE, 18th AND LLOYD STREETS.  
**MILWAUKEE.**

**Which is Impracticable?** Look at the hundreds of thousands of men, women and children who subsisted upon charity during the winter just passed, and then ask yourself if the present system is practicable. If that and the thousands of other evidences of impracticability by which you are surrounded do not convince you, you will have to wait until the next pauper comes and learn your lesson in the university of experience. You will not have to wait long and when it comes you will learn your lesson well. But you will do mighty well if you do not turn up your toes before graduation day comes around.—Exponent.

**It's**  **Always pure**

## O. R. PIEPER

WHOLESALE—RETAIL

**"Good Things To Eat"**

302-304 WEST WATER ST.

Get Our Complete Price List.

**DRINK**

**Edelweiss**  
**P. SCHOENHOFEN BREWING CO.,**  
PHONE SOUTH 104.  
Office, Barclay and Scott Sts.

## FISH COMRADES!

Order Your Herring, Fresh Fish, Etc., from

Phone, Blue 44. **F. TEWS.** 272 First Ave.

**F. G. FRISCH, GROYE ST.**  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

 **GRINDING**  
Stock of First-Class Cutlery on Hand.

## C. WIPPERT

The Lowest Price Shoe House

UNION MADE GOODS


Artistic Shoemaking Phone Black 8083

615 East Water Street • Milwaukee, Wis.

## The Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS: 318 State Street, SECOND FLOOR.

At The Regular Meetings of the Council are held first and third Wednesdays, at 8 o'clock, at 298 Fourth Street, second floor. 'ES

 **OFFICERS.**  
JOHN REICHERT, 318 State St. Secy.  
FREDERICK HEATH, 614 State St. Treas.  
HERMAN HOPPE, 616 Chamber St. Fin. Secy.  
GUSTAV BECHT, 515 Newhall St. Business Agent.  
WILHELM LUCH, 417 Eleventh St. Business Agent.  
FRANK J. WEBER, 318 State St. Business Agent.

**EXECUTIVE BOARD.**—Ed. J. Berner, Secy., 1315 Kneeland Ave.; Herman Hein, James Sheehan, Chas. O. Eckert, Al. Dieckrich, Wm. Reineck and Emil Brodke. Meets first and third Wednesdays at 7:30 p. m., at 298 Fourth St.

**SECTIONS.**—Metal Trade Section meets first and third Mondays, at headquarters. Label Section meets first and third Mondays, at headquarters. Trade Section meets second and fourth Thursdays, at headquarters. Miscellaneous Section meets first and third Thursdays, at headquarters.

**COMMITTEES.**—ORGANIZATION COMMITTEE: P. S. Newman, Chairman, 318 State St.; Gustav Becht, N. M. Weller, A. J. Welch, E. H. Basenberg. LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE: P. Brockhausen, Chairman, 678 Seventh Ave.; Victor L. Berger, J. Joyce, Frederic Heath, P. R. Woodley. GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE: J. Reichert, Chairman, 318 State St.; N. M. Weller, M. Peterson, H. Hoppe, Wm. Schwab. SANITARY COMMITTEE: H. Protive, Chairman, 529 Greenbush St.; J. Hager, N. M. Weller, W. J. Carey, J. Schweitzer.

### ALWAYS DEMAND THE UNION LABEL!

**BEER BOTTLERS' UNION No. 213**  
Meets Second and Fourth Wednesdays Sixth and Chestnut Street.  
Office, 331 Chestnut St.  
HERMAN A. HEIN, Secretary.  
Agent for the Herald and Vorwärts

**BRASS MOULDERS' LOCAL 141**  
Meets every first and third Thursday of the month at Lipp's Hall, northwest corner Third and Prairie Streets.  
Joseph A. Brefke, Secy.

**BARTENDERS' UNION No. 64.**  
Meets every Friday at LEO BLANK'S, 318 State Street, 8 P. M. Any organization requiring any license order, call on the office of the Federated Trades Council, 318 State Street.

**HORSE SHOERS' UNION No. 11**  
Meets Second and Fourth Tuesday, Fraternity Hall, 222-224 Grand Ave.  
N. C. SCHWAB, Secretary  
432 Eighth Street.

'Twas Ever Thus! There was a reformer whom the people scoffed and spat upon. Breathing their scorn he died. Multitudes stood about his gaunt frame. Swooning they said: "He would have destroyed our property and our wealth; he would have abolished law and religion. He came to rob us of our liberty, perverting our children with shameful doctrines." With shrill jibes the vast crowd turned away. In a later day the multitudes again assembled. They reared a massive monument to the memory of the reformer, treading gently about the desolate grave. With voices heavy with love they called the despised one, "Messiah."—Folly Dawson in The Whim.

**WATCH — THIS — WATCH**

A good reliable 7 Jewel 18 size movement, (made by the Seth Thomas Watch Co.) fitted in a Bar 4, oz. screw back and bezel Silverine Engraved case, stem wind, lever set, and a solid nickel or white metal chain and crystal charrm, complete, \$3.00, sent prepaid on receipt of price, or C. O. D. with privilege of examination before you pay a cent. I guarantee this watch one year, and to be as good as other concerns sell at \$5.00 to \$7.00. Send stamp for 1000 Watch Bargains. Remember I sell any kind of a Watch at cut prices.

**A. B. CONKLIN, 83 S. Clark St., Chicago, Watch Distributor.**

**A WOMAN....**

to close our notably successful course of lectures. If you have never attended, here's your last chance. It is another lecture more especially for women.

**MRS. GERTRUDE BRESLAU HUNT**  
61 Narwood Park, Ill.,

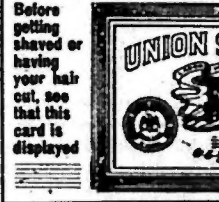
will speak on **"WHY WOMEN SHOULD BE SOCIALISTS,"**  
at NATIONAL HALL, Grove Street and National Avenue, Milwaukee,  
**SUNDAY, MAY 2nd, 2:30 P. M.** **ADMISSION FREE.**  
BRING THE WOMEN.

Telephone 9111 White. Commercial Printing.  
**JACOB HUNGER, PRINTER,**  
602 Chestnut St., cor. 6th. • Milwaukee, Wis.

**RICHARD ELSNER, LAWYER.**  
OFFICE, 140 NORTH AVE.  
Money at 4 1/2 per cent. and 4 per cent.  
50 Cheap Properties for sale, at \$300 first payment, and easy terms.

**Union Barber Shops.**

Before getting shaved or having your hair cut, see that this card is displayed

 **UNION SHOP!**

**SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON ALL TOBACCOS**

Whether Smoking, Chewing or Snuff. NONE GENUINELY UNION MADE WITHOUT IT. **DEMAND THIS LABEL.**


Fine Line of Domestic & Imported Cigars  
**AL. F. DRESEN, Hair Cutting and Shaving Parlor, 141 Lincoln Ave.**

 **AMALGAMATED UNION MADE INTERNATIONAL UNION OF AMERICA**

**J. N. GAUER, Shaving Parlor, 885 Kinnickinnic Avenue, opposite South Bay St.**

**Furniture, Bar and Office Fixtures, Building Material and Packing Boxes are UNION MADE when they bear the label. DEMAND THE LABEL.**

**PHIL. G. KAMMERER, The Southern. First-class work guaranteed. 452 Reed St., corner Scott.**

 **SEE THAT THIS LABEL IS ON ALL BOXES.**

**FRED. H. LEIST, Wig Maker and Hair Dresser. Human Hair Goods. 430 Greenfield Ave.**

**WM. L. SMITH, The only Union Social Democratic Hair Cutting and Shaving Parlor at 835 Kinnickinnic Avenue.**

**JOHN VOLK, Skillful Workmanship. Free Hot and Cold Baths. 383 First Ave.**

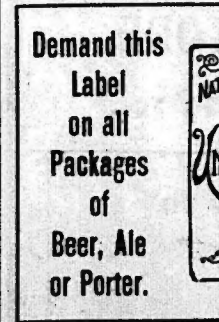
**United Hatters of North America.**

This is the Union Label of the United Hatters of North America.

When you are buying a FUR HAT, either soft or stiff, see to it that the Genuine Union Label is sewed in it. If a retailer has loose labels in his possession and offers to put one in a hat for you, do not patronize him. He has no right to have loose labels. Loose labels in retail stores are counterfeit. Do not listen to any explanation as to why the hat has no label. The Genuine Union Label is perforated on four edges exactly the same as the postage stamp. Counterfeits are sometimes perforated on three edges and sometimes only two. Keep a sharp lookout for the counterfeit. Unprincipled manufacturers are using them in order to get rid of their cheap-made hats. The John B. Stetson Co., of Philadelphia, Pa., is a non-union concern.

JOHN A. MOFFITT, President, Orange, N. J. JOHN PHILLIPS, Secretary, 77 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**THE UNITED HATTERS OF NORTH AMERICA**

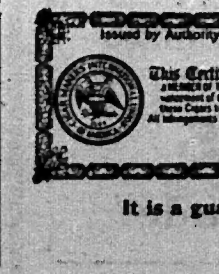
 **Union**

**Beer, Ale or Porter.**

When purchasing cigars see that this label is on the box.

**Union-made Cigars.**

This Certified, that the Cigars contained within have been made by First-Class Workmen, a member of the Cigar Makers' International Union of America, an organization devoted to the art of the Cigar Makers' International Union of America, and to the welfare of the Cigar Makers' International Union of America.

 **Union**

It is a guarantee that the cigars are not made by the trust



## Cleanings From Busy Socialistic Fields!

Good Grain Being Harvested by Our Hands in the Field. How the Advance to the Co-operative Commonwealth Progresses. You are invited to get in Line.

### NOTES FROM YANKEE-LAND.

A state organization has been perfected in Vermont.

Comrade John Slayton was re-elected alderman at Newcastle, Pa.

Bliss Carmen, the Canadian poet, is lecturing on "Socialism and Art."

The national headquarters has issued a call for a special organization fund.

Kalamazoo (Mich.) Socialists cast 115 votes this time, as against 93 last spring.

Comrade Sweatland, the national committeeman of Connecticut, has resigned.

Comrade Joseph Wauchope, late of the Chicago Socialist, has accepted an editorial position with the Erie People.

The official count in Cleveland as given by the board of elections gives the Socialists 1079 for mayor, the minor candidates running slightly ahead.

The Souvenir of the Labor Fair and Exposition in New York for the Daily Globe fund is an interesting book with articles by well-known Socialists, together with portraits.

Chancellor Kirkland of the Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn., has written a letter to Comrade Stockwell denying that he is interested in the National Economic League's fight on Socialism and that his name was used in its letter heads without arrangement with him.

The national committee has decided that it lacks constitutional authority to submit the referendum on the expulsion of Comrade Job Harriman, the Socialist candidate for vice president in 1900. His expulsion was called for by a Massachusetts branch on the ground of disloyal action in supporting labor party fusion in California.

Mayor Jones of Toledo will now reap the legitimate fruits of his stupid, anarchistic, no-party policy by being a mayor more in name than anything else. All the other city officers are Republicans, and while being to a certain extent responsible for the administration of the city affairs, he will be blocked at every turn by his opponents.

The central party organization at San Francisco has sent a protest to the national headquarters against the expulsion of Comrade M. M. Wilkins, the former editor of the Class Struggle, as national organizer in California. Owing

to the party differences in California Comrade Wilkins will be assigned to duty in adjoining states.

Comrade James N. Wood, local organizer; E. W. Searling and John Wilkins have been suspended from the party in New York city for alleged intrigue and conspiracy to bring about a split in the party.

There is to be a special congressional election in the First Oregon district, and the Socialists have nominated J. W. Ingie. Comrade R. R. Ryan is chairman of the campaign committee and C. F. Sherwood secretary. M. W. Wilkins, national organizer, is assisting in the campaign.

### Report of Literary Agent.

1902-December-  
Received of John Doerfler..... \$3.12  
Received from sale of literature..... 7.85

Total receipts..... 12.97  
Expenditures..... 8.85

Cash balance..... \$4.12  
1903-January-  
Received of Robert Buech, loan..... \$10.00  
Received from sale of literature..... 35.94

Expenditures..... 22.34  
Balance from December..... 23.00

Cash balance..... \$32.72  
February-  
Received from sale of literature..... \$12.25  
Cash balance from January..... \$22.72

Expenditures..... 50.97  
Amount of sales since Dec. 24..... 7.85

W. R. Gaylord, Literary Agent.  
March 8, 1903.

### Wisconsin Notes.

Comrade Gaylord expects to repeat his Fond du Lac experience at Coshkosh this week, and will hold a three-night Socialist revival, assisted by Comrade Grethen and his inimitable violin.

At the Machinists' Union minstrel show at the Pabst Theater, Milwaukee, the highlight of the evening was made by a quartette that sang a parody on "Mr. Dooley" devoted to the Social Democracy. They had to respond to four encores.

State Organizer Gaylord spoke at Breese's hall, Milwaukee, last week. He called forth loud applause and shouts of approval when he spoke of the "automatic self-cleaning attachment that the Social Democratic party contains."

Waudby for Commissioner of Labor.

William S. Waudby, a special agent of the United States department of labor, in being named as a suitable successor to Carroll D. Wright, the head of the department, who is about to retire. He is an old-time printer, was one of those who worked hardest to get the department established and has written many articles for the labor press from the Socialistic viewpoint.

### ACROSS THE HERRING POND.

At the parliamentary by-election in Valence, France, the Radical-Socialist candidate Mallard was elected with 9176 votes. In Argenson the Radical-Socialist parliamentary candidate was elected with 1439 votes.

In Recanati, Italy, two Socialists, Prof. Mariano Patrizi and Edmondo Gigli, and one Radical, were elected to the common council. In Condogoro elections were held for eight common councilmen. The Socialists formed no alliance and with a majority of 231 votes won a complete victory.

The British Parliament defeated the bill introduced by J. Keir Hardie, the Socialist member, to empower municipalities to acquire land for the purpose of erecting homes for workmen and shops and factories in which the unemployed could secure employment.

Speaking at a meeting in London the other day, Lord Peel said the condition of the houses of the poor was a source of terrible temptation and an incitement to drink. "For his own part, he must honestly confess he thought he would take to drink under such conditions." Now we are getting at the truth.—The Labor Leader, London.

The Socialist party of France held a conference and decided to reopen the famous Dreyfus case, the leaders having discovered new evidence. In accordance with the decision arrived at, Jean Jaures made a powerful speech in the Chamber of Deputies Tuesday and forced the government to show its hand, with the result that the Socialists went out.

Comrade James Connolly has resigned as editor of the "Workers' Republic" of Dublin, Ireland, and has also severed his connection with the Irish Socialist Republican party. The reason given was a disagreement with the business administration of the party funds. Connolly made a tour of this country last fall, but was exploited by the S. L. P. so that he did not get in touch with the actual Socialist movement of this country.

### The Los Angeles Times.

The fight between the Los Angeles Times and the labor unions is getting hotter every day. At the request of the labor organizations most of the big advertisers have withdrawn their advertising, but the following firms still hold on:

"Cuticura"—Potter Drug & Chemical Corporation, Boston, Mass.; "Force"—The Force Food Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; "H. O."—Fornby Oatmeal Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; "Postum"—Postum Cereal Co., Battle Creek, Mich.; "Pernina"—Pernina Medical Co., Columbus, O.; "Wilson Whisky"—Wilson Distilling Co., 100 Broadway, New York, N. Y.; "Lidia"—Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.; "Tutti Liver Bile"—Tutti Bile Co., New York, N. Y.; "Scott's Emulsion"—Scott & Bowne, 409 Pearl street, New York, N. Y.; "Wright Indian Vegetable Pill Co."—New York, N. Y. Most of these firms depend on the ranks of labor for their sales, and letters written to them on the subject would have some effect. The International Typographical Union has taken up the fight, and the end is not yet!

### 'TIS TRUE

that tickets are coming so fast and furious as to be almost like a bombardment of Uncle Sam's heavy thirteen inch guns. Yet this is the movement's way of raising "coin" to carry on its work. If you are "sick and tired" of buying tickets, place the blame where it belongs, but don't stop "buying tickets" now. Buy one for the

## GRAND MAY BALL

GIVEN BY THE

Eighth Ward Branch, S. D. P. Saturday Evening, May 9, 1903.

AT  
**UTECH'S HALL,** Ninth and  
Greenfield Avenues.  
MILWAUKEE.

They are only fifteen cents when bought from members or twenty-five cents at the door. Now COMRADES! buy the tickets and attend the hall.

## WATCHES! WATCHES!

### OUR SPECIALTY.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT.

THE FINEST QUALITY.

THE LOWEST PRICES.

*August H. Stecher*

.....JEWELER.....

Corner Third & State St.

## A PROFESSION That Pays.

Intelligent, earnest and ambitious young men and women, 16 years and over, given practical, modern, American business training and assisted to positions. No kindergarten. Onrattendants finish quicker and get better positions than those of large schools. No big classes. Winter term January 5th. Day and night school open all the year. Day school \$8.00 a month, night school \$4.00 a month. Postal for prospectus.

**WILMOT BUSINESS COLLEGE,**  
Hathaway Building,  
MASON STREET AND BROADWAY.

MILWAUKEE

**Tripod and Aquarium Co.**

Japanese and Chinese Gold Fish and Aquarium Plants.  
Mfr. Evans designed the tripod which has been presented to, and accepted by Prince Henry.  
W. C. EVANS, Mgr.  
Cheapest place in this city. 448 Eleventh St.

## Teeth Extracted

**ABSOLUTELY Without Pain or Danger, 25c.**

New Teeth, best and finest man-made. \$8.00  
Fit guaranteed or money refunded.  
Standard Crowns and Bridge \$5.00  
Teeth  
Fine Fillings a leading specialty.  
We guarantee complete satisfaction, give honest, intelligent advice free and receive nobody.

**DR. YOUNG** 413-416 Germania Building  
Hours—8:30 to 6; Sunday, 9 to 12.  
Phone 8812 Black.

## FIRST ANNIVERSARY AND MAY BALL

GIVEN BY

**Social Democratic Singing Society**

**"VORWAERTS"**

SATURDAY, MAY 2nd, 1903.

IN THE

**BAHN FREI TURNER HALL,** North Avenue and Twelfth Street.

Admission 10c, at the door 25c.

Everybody, especially party comrades, are invited to hear the new Singing Society.

THE ARRANGEMENTS COMMITTEE.

**GEO. P. SCHMITT,**

Wheels Built to Order and Repairing

Machine Work, Gun and Lock Repairing.  
Keys Fitted and all kinds of Repairing done.

Phone No. 9053 White. 450 Eleventh St.  
MILWAUKEE.

**JOHN LUELL,**

MANUFACTURER OF  
**FINE CIGARS,**  
536 Second Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.

MY BRANDS—Santiago de Cuba, G. L. 10c Cigar, Golden Harvest, Lone Star, No. 355 5c Cigar.

**John Leuenberger,**

Reliable Boots, Shoes & Rubbers,  
No. 35 Juneau Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.  
Store closed Sundays.  
Make Boots and Shoes in all styles to order.

**JULIUS LANDO**

Optical Institute  
419 East Water St.  
and get fitted to a pair of his Celebrated Glasses. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.

**GUSTAV BESTIAN,**

MANUFACTURER OF  
**FINE CIGARS**  
882 Seventh St.,  
"Eisen" 10c, "Old Judge" 5c. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**John Heim's Orchestra.**

Music Furnished for all Occasions.  
1036 25th Avenue. Telephone Connection

**ROBT. J. MILLER,**

**Art Photographer**  
278 W. Water Street.  
10 per cent. of all orders from November 1, 1902, will go to the S. D. P. Campaign Fund.

**ROBERT LAMBERT,**

**SAMPLE ROOM,**  
428 FOWLER ST., MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**C. Gruenewald,**

**SALOON,**  
539 2nd Ave., cor. Orchard St. Milwaukee, Wis.  
Milwaukee Brewing Co.'s Beer. Fine Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Warm Lunch from 8 to 11

**SCHWEITZER BROS.**

Sidewalks and Cement Cellar Floors  
Let us figure before you let your contract.  
Office, 528 Fifth Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.  
Phone Blue 5338.

**C. KASDORF,**

DEALER IN  
**DELICACIES**  
AND ALL KINDS OF  
Smoked Meats and Sausages, Confectionery, Cigars and Tobacco.  
1711 Fond du Lac Avenue.  
MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**DRINK**

**Schlitz**

The Beer that Made Milwaukee Famous.  
The main difference between good beer and bad beer is in the after-taste. You notice that pure beer, Schlitz beer, does not make you bilious. Pure beer is good for you; bad beer is unhealthy. You may be absolutely certain of its healthfulness when you drink Schlitz Beer.

**EVERY CASE OF VARICOCELE IN THE WORLD**  
Can be Cured by Dr. Worden's Method.  
Decide now to find out why Dr. Worden says that when  
WHO PROMISE TO CURE IN ONE DAY, no cutting, no operation, no electric shock, no chloroform, no pain, DO NOT CURE and he does. You read a long list of what they do not do—but they do not tell you what they do do. Listen and I will tell you. THEY DO NOTHING and you get NO BENEFIT for your money. If you doubt what I say, come with sufferers from varicocele, learn what they say and what of such methods, then COME TO ME, and if you have VARICOCELE or RUPTURE I will explain to you why no operation is the only RELIABLE treatment. I will tell you what my charges are and you are under no obligation to be treated.

I treat all curable diseases of men and women successfully. Come and be examined to the

**UNIVERSITY MEDICAL INSTITUTE.**  
Corner Fifth St. and Grand Ave. Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 1 to 5 p. m.  
Dr. Worden is very successful in all diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, bladder, heart and lungs.

**NORTH AVENUE BOTTLE HOUSE.**  
NICK PETERSEN, Proprietor.  
2714 North Ave.  
Telephone West 2884.

JOIN US in a good old time to-night! HELP US raise a few dollars for agitation purposes.

JUST ATTEND THE  
**THIRD ANNUAL BALL**  
GIVEN BY THE  
19th Ward Branch, S. D. P. Saturday, April 25th, 1903.

AT  
**MEIXNER'S HALL,** (2704 Vliet Street.)  
MILWAUKEE.  
Tickets, 10 Cents. Ladies Free.

## HALF-HOURS IN THE HERALD SANCTUM.

With the Workers.

The matter referred to in the following letter will be found in the second column of the second page of this issue. Comrade Ferber places a proper estimate upon its importance.

Editor Social Democratic Herald: In the Milwaukee Journal of Monday, April 13th, appears an editorial (on page 6), entitled "Average Wage Reduced," which ought to be reproduced by every Socialist paper in the country. Here is an extract: "The last census shows that the average annual wage per person in the manufacturing industries of this country was \$445 in 1890, and only \$438 in 1900, a decrease of 77. This is half the truth, that the poor are

growing poorer. The same census shows that the gross annual product per wage-earner in 1890 was \$2,204, and in 1900 \$2,451. The while the poor are getting poorer somebody else is getting richer."

When state organizer Winfield R. Gaylord made this point from the platform last year he was accused of circulating lies, and in being named as a suitable successor to Carroll D. Wright, the head of the department, who is about to retire. He is an old-time printer, was one of those who worked hardest to get the department established and has written many articles for the labor press from the Socialistic viewpoint.

W. H. Ferber.  
New London, Wis., April 14.

Editor Herald: As you will see from the attached clipping, I went into the "Herald" to deliver a lecture on Evolution. The Labor Lyceum is run by an S. D. P. faction. Their supply committee invited me to close the season of lectures and I had a very fair and intelligent audience and all went well. My address was listened to with great attention and I personally avoided all points of a controversial character. The discussion was led by two fanatics, who kept bombarding me with all kinds of questions having nothing to do with the subject of the address. I did not want to refuse to reply, in order not to give them a chance to say I was dodging them, although their questions were of a silly, jesuitical character. They wanted to attribute to me things I never dreamed of saying, so as to "down" the Social Democrats and make political capital for their faction. I kept cool, while they got more and more excited in their attempt to compromise me before the audience. I had gone to the lecture in good faith, but once the fight was precipitated by the other fellows, I went after De Leonism hammer and tongs, and told the audience many a bitter truth about the S. L. P., its tactics, and present desperate struggle for existence. I made them ridiculous and the audience laughed with me, so that the fanatics accomplished just the opposite of what they intended. I enjoyed it immensely.

Isador Ladoff.  
Schaectady, N. Y., April 5.

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